

Investment Strategy Long term macro framework – to set long term return expectations Strategic asset allocations – for different risk profiles Tactical valuations – whether implemented or not, necessary for credibility Style – it doesn't always pay to be 'neutral'

van Eyk Research

Manager Selection

- Quality Filter is the manager able to outperform the market?
- Aggressiveness how much by?
- Style in which market conditions?

van Eyk Research

Style analysis from the bottom up stock level

- Assess Quality is the company good quality in terms of earnings growth and balance sheet
- Valuation how much is it worth

van Eyk Research

Step 1 - quality assessment

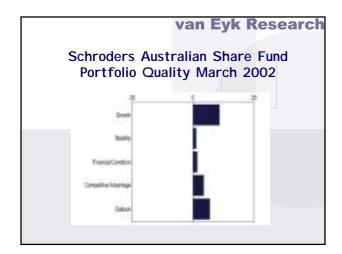
- Growth (5 year growth in sales, earnings, book value, dividends, share price)
- Stability (5 year stability of growth variables)
- Financial Condition (NDTE, Int. cover, Liquidity ratios)
- Competitive Advantage (ROCE, margins, efficiency)
- Outlook (earnings forecasts short and long term)

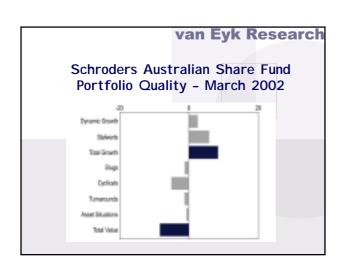
Step 2 - classify Category Dynamic - fast growth Stalwarts - moderate growth Slugs - slow growth Cyclical - bounces Turnaround - lost its bounce Asset Situation - hidden value

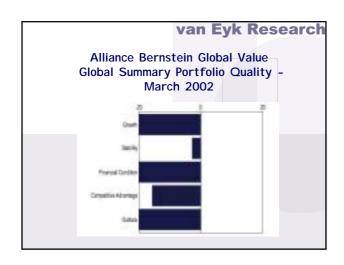
Why classify stocks? • Spectrum of growth and value, rather than just P/E, Price to Book divisions • Apply suitable valuation methods • Build style into portfolios

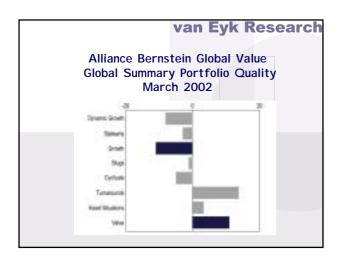
Step 3 - Valuation • Deep Value - DCF - Asset Based Valuation • Quality Reasonable Price - Free Cash Flow DCF • Growth at Bargain Price - P E G Ratio - Price / Sales Momentum

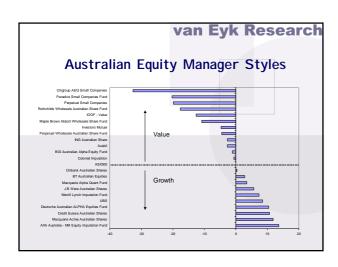
The Stock Selection Process Applications Individual Stock Quality and Valuation Scores Model Portfolios Fund Manager Portfolio Profiling



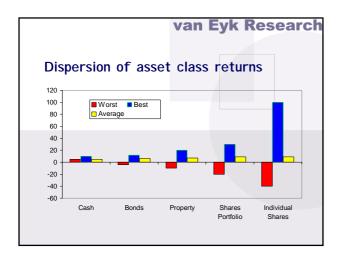


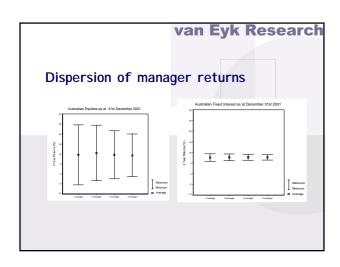


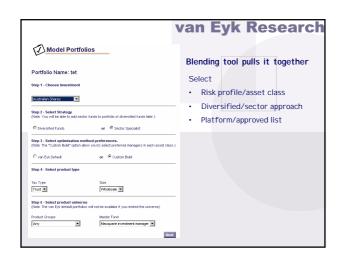


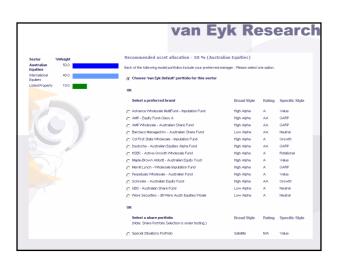


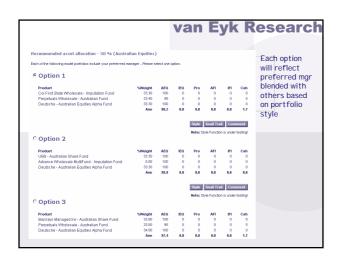
Portfolio Construction How many managers per asset class Framework/Model - index plus satellite or something else Which styles in which sectors -

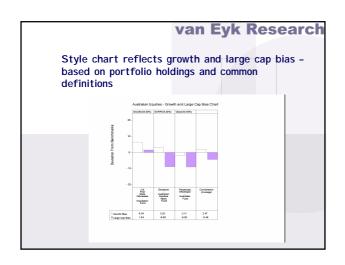


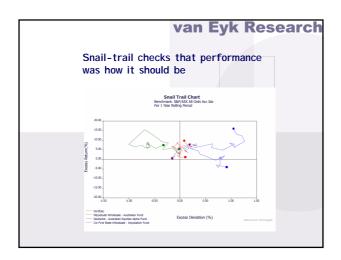


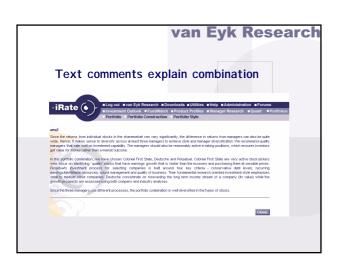












Conclusion - Ensures consistency of approach while allowing advisers to pick preferred managers - Tight dispersion in combination returns - Portfolio combinations can be imported into Quant for ongoing performance measurement - Can add tilts as desired Van Eyk Research For a copy of the presentation, please log into www.irate.vaneyk.com.au Or leave your business card at our stand