Presenting debate on contemporary and emerging portfolio construction ssues



15 & 16 August 2007 | AJC Convention Centre, Randwick, Sydney

I've been thinking about...

Trends in investment markets

Paul Taylor - Head of Aust Equities, Fidelity International
Todd Canter - MD, LaSalle Investment
Management
Scott Berg - Portfolio Mgr, Intl Equities,
T.Rowe Price
Dominic McCormick - CIO, Select Asset
Management
Tim Farrelly - Principal, farrelly's





Australian shares over the long term

Portfolio Construction Conference

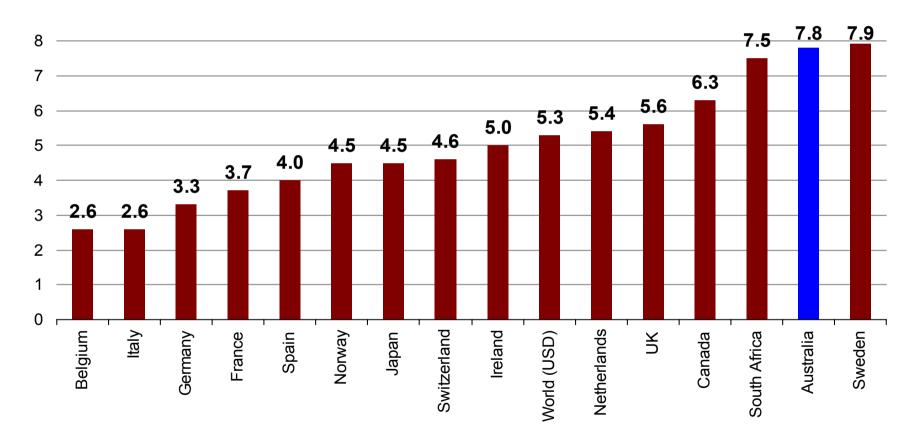
Paul Taylor Portfolio Manager, Fidelity Australian Equities Fund August 2007



The outlook: a longer-term view



Annualised real rates of return on major share markets from 1900 to 2006 (% pa)



Why Australia's share market has shone



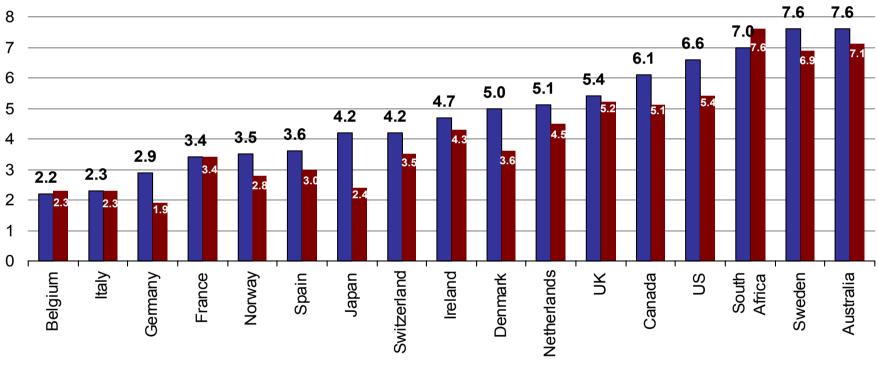
- □ High population growth has underpinned economic growth
- □ Abundant natural resources gave us products to sell
- Good corporate governance gave people the confidence to invest
- □ There have been sound companies to invest in
- A culture of high dividend payouts forces companies to be disciplined



The correlation between equity returns and dividends



Annualised dividend yield plus growth, compared with local returns from 1900 to 2004 (% pa)



Annualised real equity return
Dividend yield plus real dividend growth



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Scott Berg Portfolio Manager, Intl Equities, T.Rowe Price



A Snapshot of the World

As of 30 June 2007

	Share of Global Market Cap	Share of Global GDP	Share of Estimated 2007 Global GDP Growth	Estimated 2007 GDP Growth	Estimated 2007 EPS Growth	Estimated 2007 Price-to- Earnings
European Union	31%	22%	25%	2.7%	10.0%	14.3X
North America	47%	29%	16%	1.9%	9.1%	16.0X
Japan	9%	8%	5%	2.2%	11.6%	19.4X
Emerging Markets	9%	27%	45%	7.0%	17.6%	14.9X
Total	\$53.1 Trillion	\$51.5 Trillion	91 ¹ %	4.4%	11.6%	15.6X

¹ Does not total 100% as residual percentage is derived outside regions that are shown.

Source: MSCI, IMF and UBS.

Presentation to PortfolioConstruction Conference 2007



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Todd Canter – Managing Director, LaSalle Investment Management



Long-Term Outlook for Property Securities

Country	Current Dividend	L-T EPS Growth	Change in Multiple	L-T Expected Total Return
Australia	6%	4%	Flat to Down	10%
U.S.	4.5%	5% to 6%	Up from current levels	10% to 12%
Global	4%	6%	Up from current levels	10% to 12%

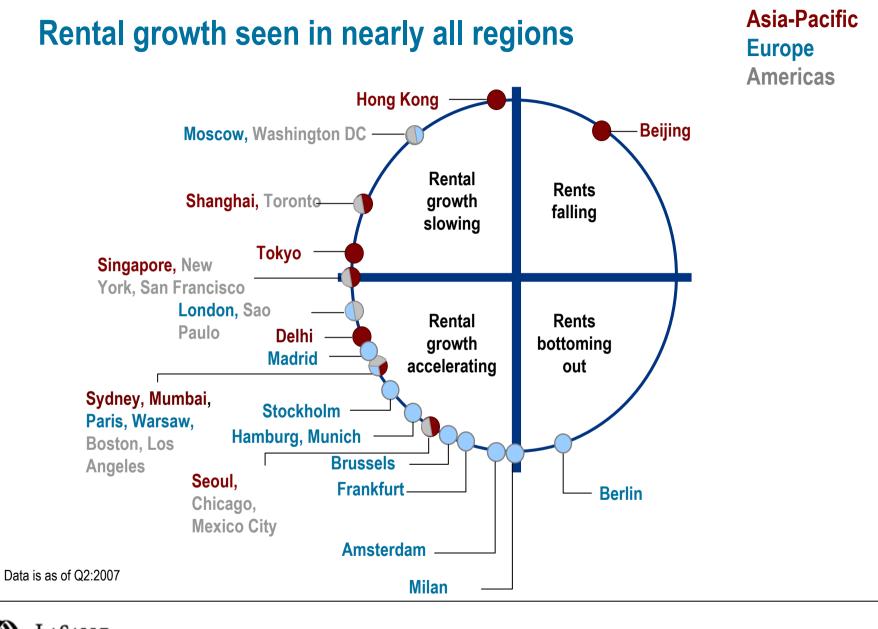


Existing REIT Valuation Attractive Across the Globe

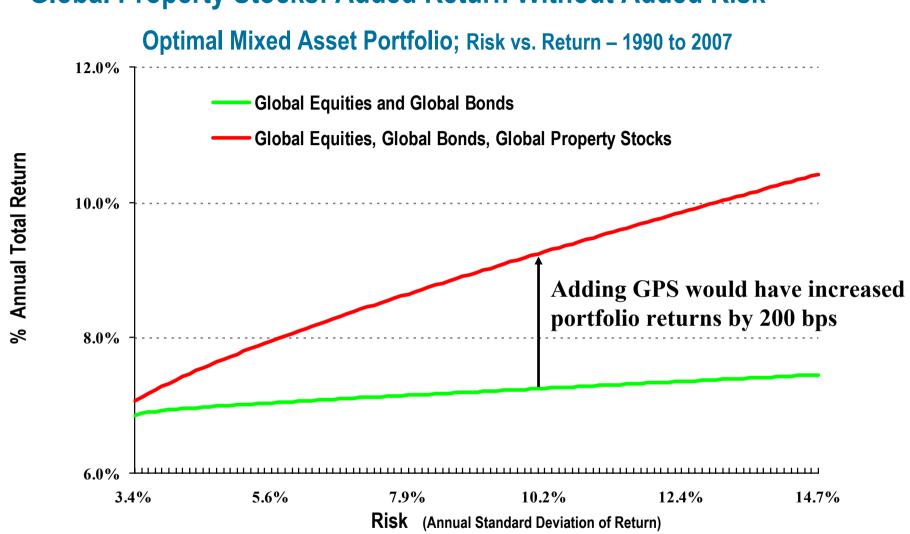
<u>Region</u>	Portfolio NAV <u>Premium/Discount</u>		
Globe	-13.7%		
United States	-17.8%		
Canada	-13.4%		
Continent	-6.4%		
Britain	-28.9%		
Australia	1.7%		
Hong Kong	10.1%		
Singapore	-9.2%		
Japan	-3.4%		

- REITs across the globe trading below long-term NAV average
- Strong net operating income (NOI) growth will help offset potentially higher cap rates









Global Property Stocks: Added Return Without Added Risk

Source: JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index; MSCI World Index; UBS Investors Index January 1990 to January 2007. All returns in local currencies.



Global Real Estate Securities in a Mixed-Asset Portfolio

Attractive investment opportunity

- Strong growth prospects
- Ample market liquidity
- Value-added management
- They have earned their way into a portfolio
 - Strong returns with lower volatility than broad market equities
 - Low correlations with other asset classes
 - Diversification benefits versus other asset classes
 - Attractive current yields
- Effective and efficient method to secure a true globally

diversified real estate portfolio



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Trends in investment markets

Dominic McCormick - CIO, Select Asset Management



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The long-term return outlook for Fund of Hedge Funds

Dominic McCormick Chief Investment Officer

Alter nati vethin king.

Some common myths re the returns & risks of Fund of Hedge Funds (FoHFs)



FoHFs are high risk

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- you should expect high returns from FoHFs
- individual hedge fund "blow ups" and fund closures are always bad for FoHF investors
- fees are too high to achieve reasonable returns
- you need to fully understand the underlying strategies/managers before investing in FoHFs
- it is easy to select and manage a portfolio of hedge funds



While many individual hedge funds are high risk most FoHFs are low risk!



- volatility of returns (typically 2-4% SD versus 10%+ for shares)
- drawdown periods (maximum drawdowns typically 2-5% versus 20-50% for sharemarkets)
- diversification (typically 10-15 strategies and 30-100 managers)
- return diversification in difficult times for mainstream markets

Therefore (unleveraged) FoHFs can fit in the defensive component of portfolios





- more than cash and bonds (~6%pa)
- Iess than equities (with ERP of 5%-6%pa ~11-12%pa)
- less than higher risk alternatives infrastructure, private equity (~10%-13%pa)

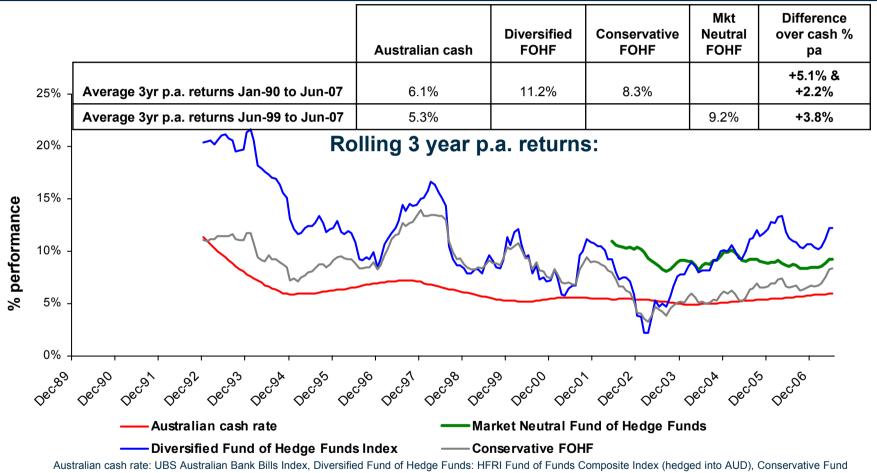
Fair expectation cash/bonds plus 2-4%pa = 8-10%pa







Have FoHFs delivered this?



Australian cash rate: UBS Australian Bank Bills Index, Diversified Fund of Hedge Funds: HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index (hedged into AUD), Conservative Fund of Hedge Funds: HFRI Conservative Fund of Funds Index (hedged into AUD), Market Neutral Fund of Hedge Funds: Gottex Market Neutral Fund (Class C - AUD). Source: Bloomberg, Hedge Fund Research Inc (HFRI).

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Can they keep delivering returns? The fee hurdle

For FoHF to achieve	Return needed from underlying hedge fund manager
6%	12.3%
8%	15.1%
10%	17.9%
12%	20.6%
14%	23.4%

Assumes: 1.5% and 20% at underlying fund level

1.5% & 10% at FoHF level





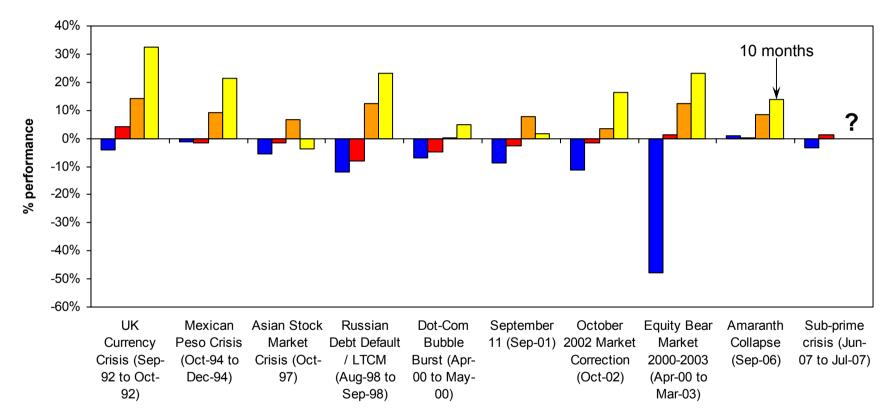
- some strategies returns correlated to economic/financial market activity
- essential to avoid underperforming strategies and major fund blowups
- shakeout/closure of some funds could reduce competition for investment ideas
- periods of market stress/dislocation create better opportunities for future returns



Hedge fund performance following crisis



■ Global Equity Markets ■ Hedge Funds □ Hedge Funds Trailing 6 months □ Hedge Funds Trailing 12 months



Global Equities: MSCI World Index in USD terms, Hedge Funds: HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index (USD). Source: Bloomberg, Hedge Fund Research Inc (HFRI).





Why active & experienced management is necessary to achieve these returns



- complexity of many strategies and funds
- avoidance/minimisation of fund "blow ups" key value add of FoHFs
- as with conventional funds some individual hedge funds become too large/complacent
- industry is very dynamic new opportunities in strategies and managers emerging

To get access to the best hedge funds at the right times you need to invest in the best FoHFs



FoHF products/strategies that may not measure up (in my view)



- passive investable indices
- hedge fund replication products
- many structured capital guaranteed FoHF products
- heavily leveraged FoHFs
- direct gearing into FoHFs



Investors/advisers who shouldn't (or wouldn't) invest in FoHFs

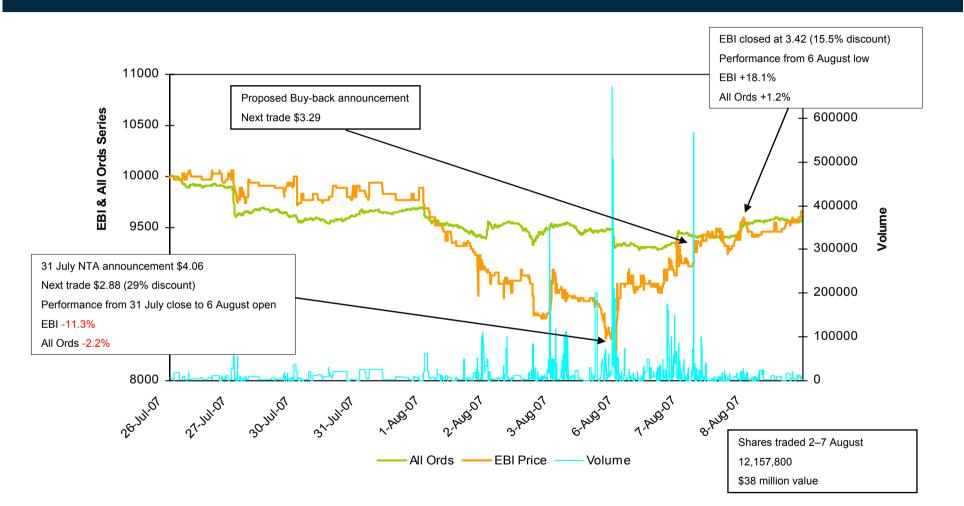


- those who can successfully run a diversified portfolio of hedge funds/specialist investments themselves
- those happy with cash/term deposit returns (or with investment horizon <2-3 years)
- "realists" who can handle 15-40% drawdowns (more if geared) and extended periods of poor returns from a fully invested equity portfolio
- "optimists" who expect 15%-20% pa equity and property returns indefinitely with little risk
- those who believe in the Efficient Market Theory



EBI – Inefficient Markets in Practice (10 Days: 26 July – 8 August 2007)







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Tim Farrelly – Principal, farrelly's



Presentation to PortfolioConstruction Conference 2007

Long term forecasting

August 2007



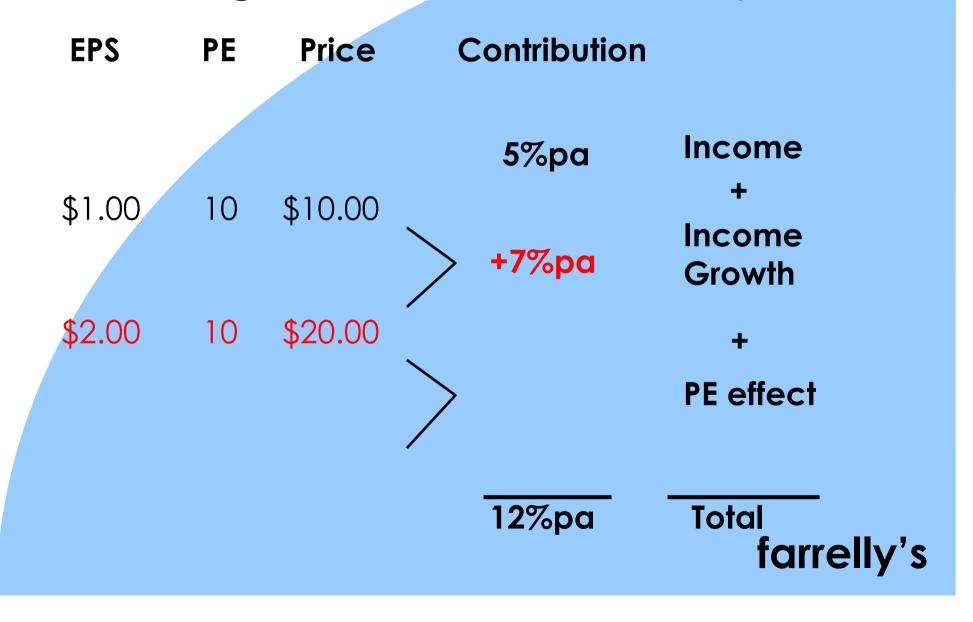
Which portfolio is most like the one you use?

	1. The traditional	2. Income seeker	3. The contrarian	4. New Breed	5. The patriot
Australian Equities	35%	38%	22%	24%	47%
International equities	20%	5%	32%	24%	5%
Listed property	10%	25%	9%	8%	10%
Hedge Funds	0%	0%	15%	40%	5%
Fixed Interest	25%	20%	18%	3%	25%
Cash	10%	12%	4%	1%	8%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

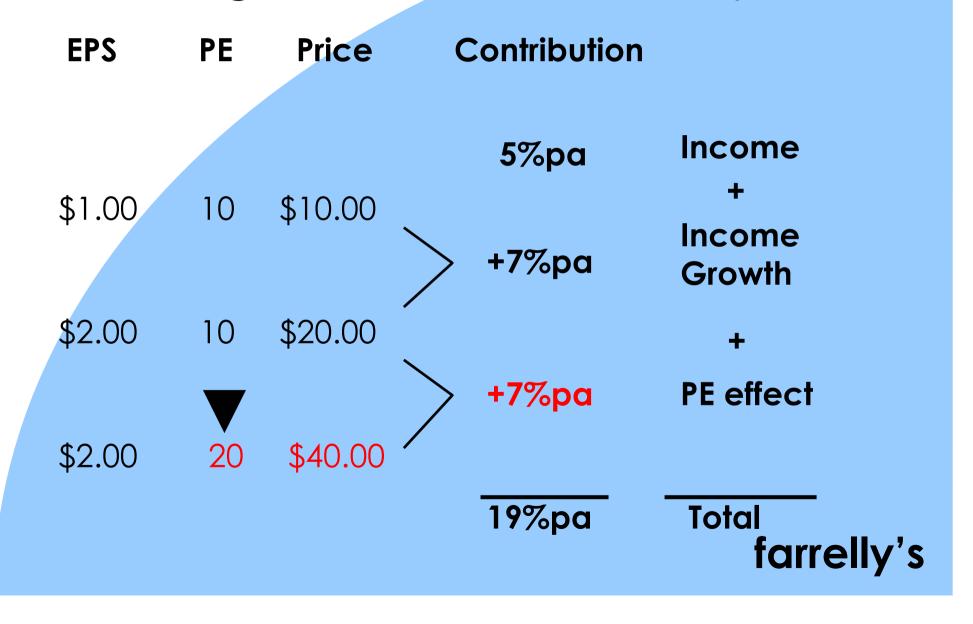


Long run returns-an example Contribution **EPS** PE Price Income 5%pa + \$10.00 \$1.00 10 Income Growth + **PE effect** Total 5%pa farrelly's

Long run returns-an example



Long run returns-an example



Long run returns-an example Contribution **EPS** PE Price Income 5%pa + \$1.00 10 \$10.00 Income +7%pa Growth \$2.00 10 \$20.00 + -7%pa **PE effect** \$2.00 \$10.00 5 Total 5%pa farrelly's

I've been thinking about... movement of markets

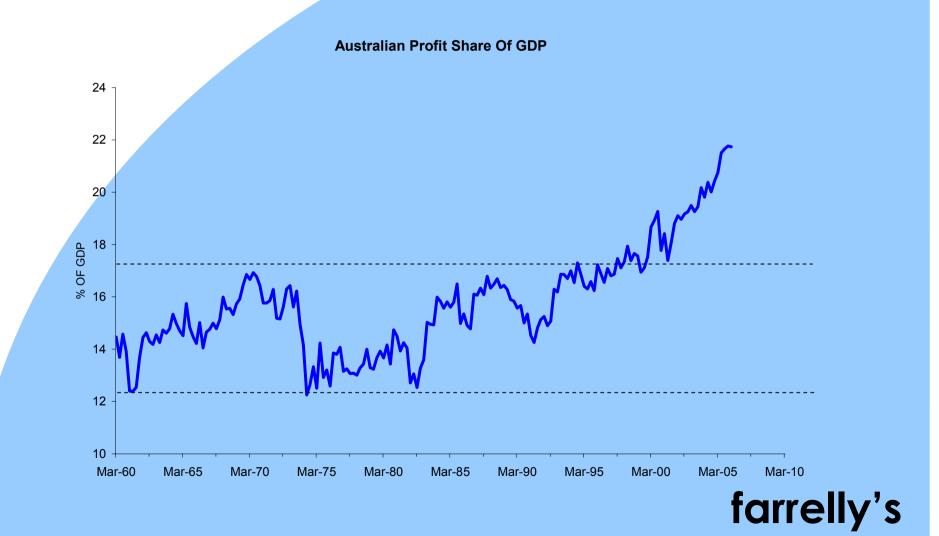
DEBATE... Au EPS



Inputs	Long term average	Last decade
Australian Equities: Real EPS growth ¹	0.9%pa¹	7.9%pa



Can this go on?



I've been thinking about... movement of markets

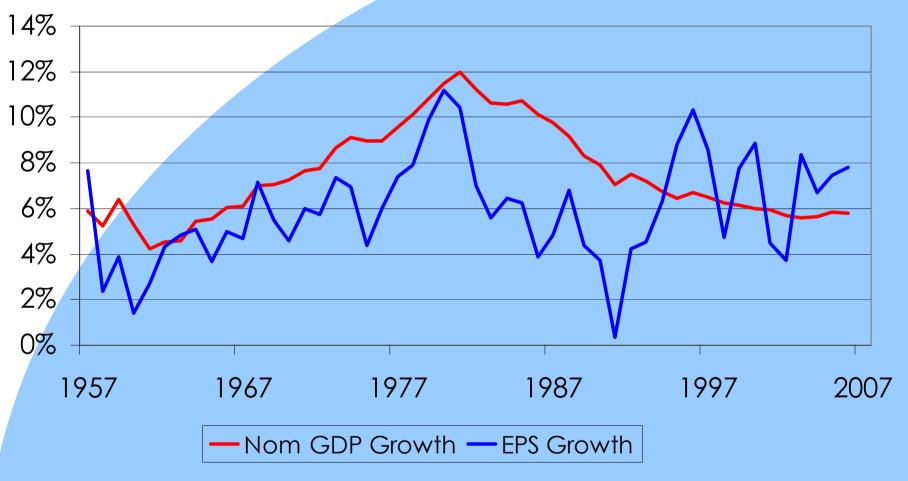
DEBATE... Int'l EPS



Inputs	Long term average	Last decade
Australian Equities: Real EPS growth ¹	0.9%pa ¹	7.9%pa
World Equities Real EPS growth ¹	0.8%pa ¹	5.1%pa



US GDP v EPS Growth



farrelly's

I've been thinking about... movement of markets

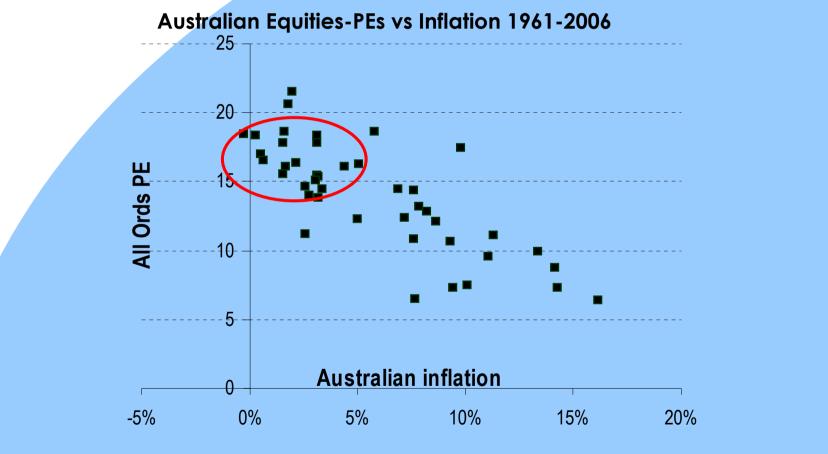
DEBATE... Au & Int'l PEs



Inputs	Long term average	Last decade	Current
Australian Equities: Real EPS growth ¹	0.9%pa¹	7.9%pa	Na
World Equities Real EPS growth ¹	0.8%pa ¹	5.1%pa	Na
Australian PE ratios	14.2x ²	17.8x	16.0x
US PE ratios	14.1x ¹	25.3x	15.6x

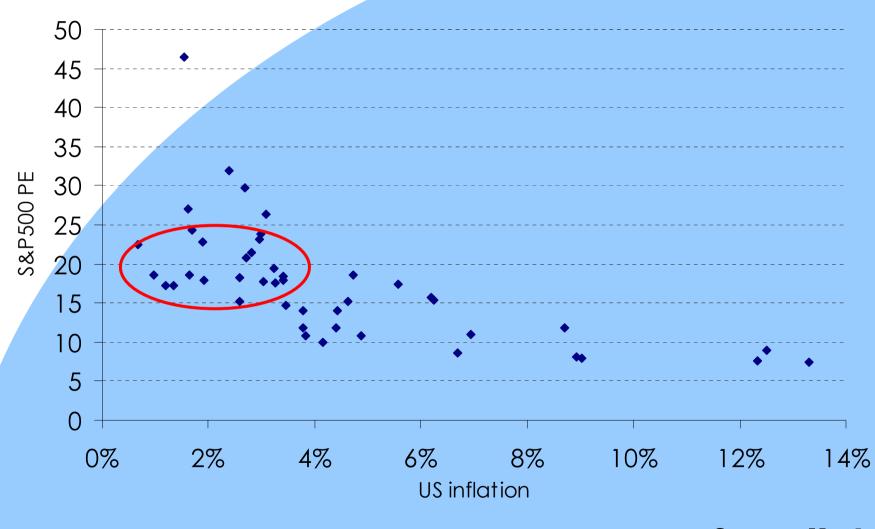


Where will PE's be in 2017?





US PE vs Inflation 1961-2006



farrelly's

Inputs	Long term average	Last decade	Current
Australian Equities: Real EPS growth ¹	0.9%pa ¹	7.9%pa	Na
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Australian LPTs : Real dividend growth	-0.5%pa ³	+1.9%pa	na



Inputs	Long term average	Last decade	Current
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US PE ratios	14.1x ¹	25.3x	15.6x
Australian LPTs : Real dividend growth	-0.5%pa ³	+1.9%pa	Na
Australian LPTs : Yields	8.4%pa ³	7.1%pa	5.6x



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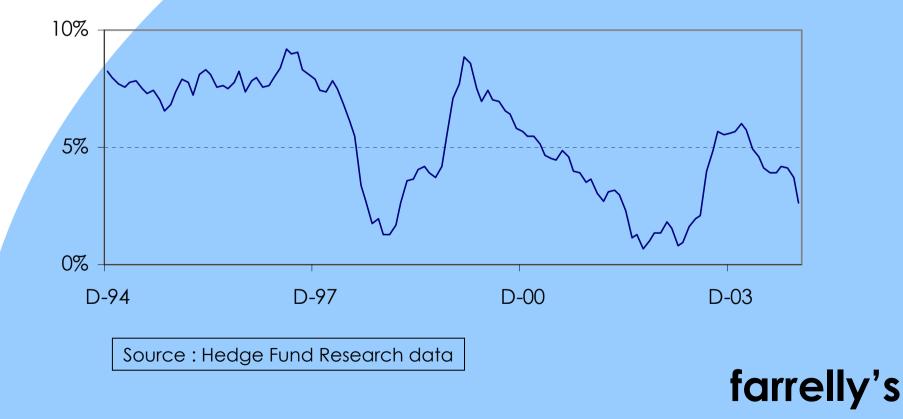
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Australian LPTs : Real dividend growth	-0.5%pa ³	+1.9%pa	Na
Australian LPTs : Yields	8.4%pa ³	7.1%pa	5.6%
Hedge Fund of funds : Return vs cash	+4.5%pa ⁴	+3.9%pa	na



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Hedge funds finding the going tougher...





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