



CONFERENCE

# Constructing debt securities portfolios in a lower growth (and yield) environment

Stuart Piper Portfolio Manager MLC Investments



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- Investment objectives
- Portfolio construction
- Outlook and strategy
- MLC's debt funds



# Investment objectives

### Capital preservation and income

default risk; mark to market risk and tolerance for a negative annual return; inflation protection

### Diversification

> correlation with other asset classes

### Liquidity

portfolio rebalancing and expenditure



# Portfolio construction

### Debt sector risk and return

- > long-term historical perspective
- > total return patterns and risk of loss
- > excess return patterns and starting yield levels
- volatility of sovereign bond and credit returns



### - Long-term historical perspective

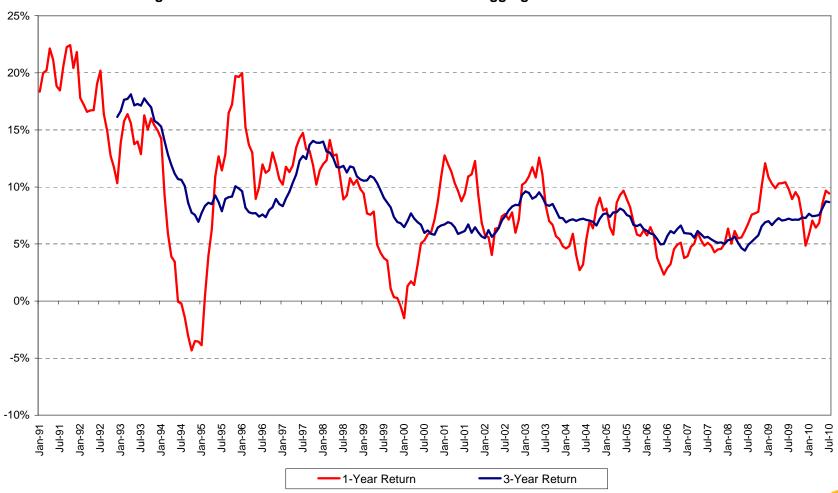
Fixed Income Sector	Return	s (%pa)	Risk (%pa)		
	Since July	Since April	Since July	Since April	
As of July 2010	2000	1991*	2000	1991*	
UBS Bank Bill Index	5.54%	5.97%	0.33%	0.42%	
UBS Australian Composite Index, 0-3 yrs	6.10%	7.13%	1.33%	1.89%	
Barclays Capital Global Aggregate Index, 1-3 yrs (A\$ hedged)	6.93%	7.23%	1.03%	1.22%	
UBS Australian Composite Index	6.39%	8.15%	2.92%	4.13%	
UBS Australian Government Inflation Linked Index	6.51%	7.88%	4.82%	5.54%	
Barclays Capital Global Treasury Index (A\$ hedged)	8.00%	8.69%	2.85%	3.06%	
Barclays Capital Global Aggregate Index (A\$ hedged)	8.31%	8.88%	2.81%	3.06%	
Barclays Capital US Corporate Index(A\$ hedged)	9.12%	9.13%	6.52%	5.79%	
Barclays US High Yield Index (A\$ hedged)	9.19%	9.96%	12.14%	9.44%	
JP Morgan EMBI+ Index (A\$ hedged)	12.34%	11.56%	10.93%	15.33%	
Diversfied Equities Benchmark	3.14%	8.39%	13.05%	12.28%	
Hypothetical Sector Allocations 'Low Risk Portfolio' 30% UBS Bank Bill Index/42% UBS Composite, 0-3 yrs/28%					
BCGA, 1-3 yrs (A\$ hedged)	6.15%	6.81%	0.82%	1.12%	
'Market Risk Portfolio' 50% LIBS Australian Composite / 50% BCGA Index (A\$ bedged)	7 36%	8 53%	2 50%	3 20%	
	6.15% 7.36%	6.81% 8.53%	0.82% 2.59%	1.12% 3.29%	

<sup>\*</sup> JP Morgan EMBI+ Index (A\$ hedged) since Jan-1994



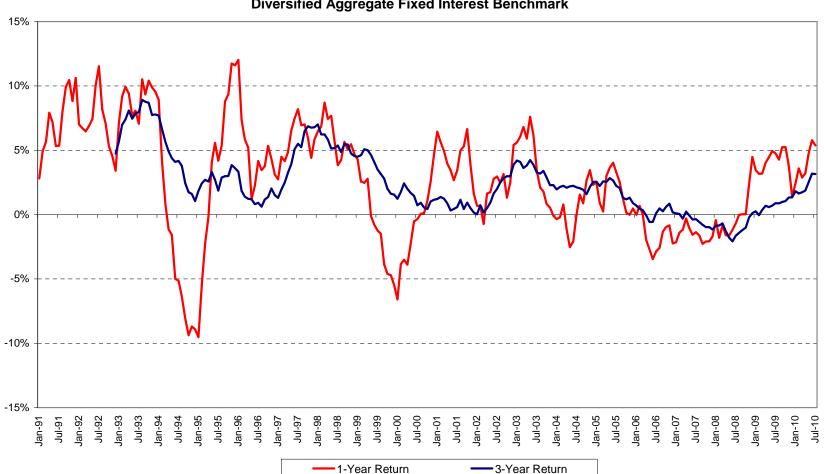
- Total return patterns and risk of loss

Rolling 1-Year and 3-Year Total Returns of Diversified Aggregate Fixed Interest Benchmark



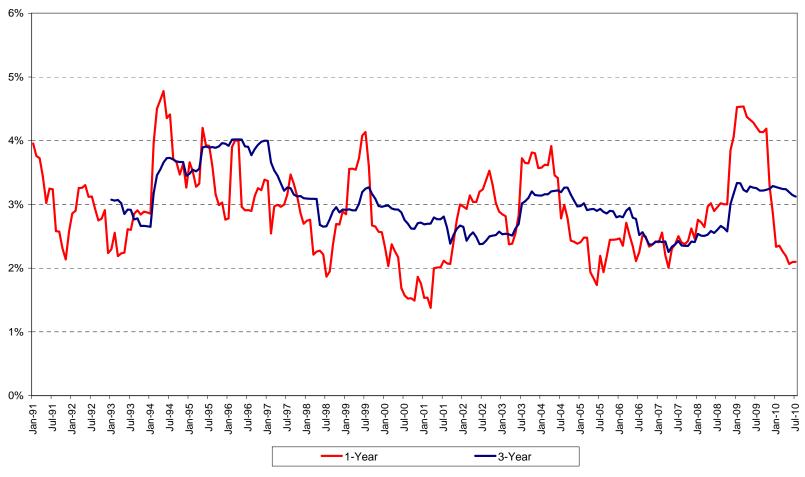
- Excess return patterns

Rolling 1-Year and 3-Year Excess Returns versus Cash of Diversified Aggregate Fixed Interest Benchmark



- Volatility of sovereign bond returns

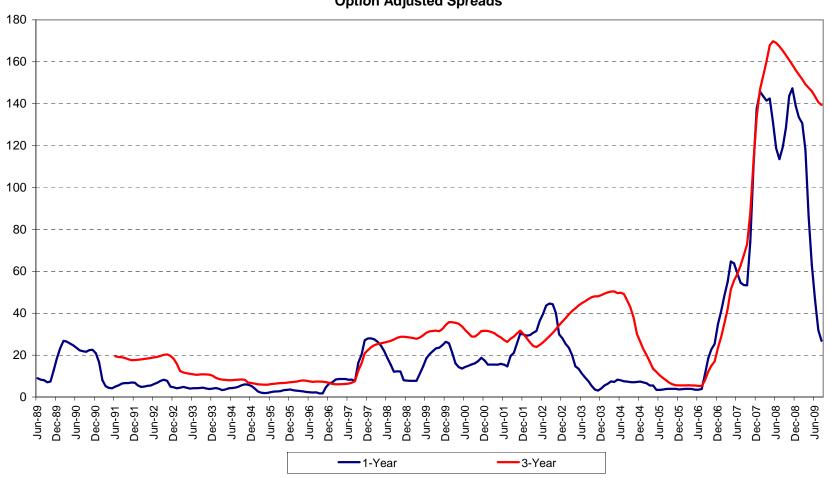
Global Treasury Bonds, A\$ Hedged - Rolling 1-Year and 3-Year Standard Deviation





- Volatility of credit excess returns

# US Investment Grade Corporate Bonds: Rolling 1-Year and 3-Year Standard Deviation of Option Adjusted Spreads





### Portfolio construction

#### Debt sector risk and return

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- volatility of sovereign bond and credit returns

### Correlations with other asset classes

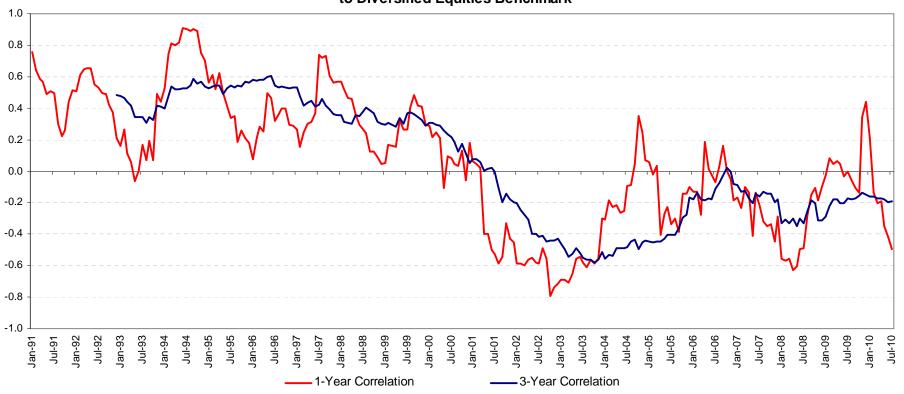
- > preserve capital under severe equity downturns, deflation and inflation
- behaviour of investment grade and non-investment grade assets during severe equity market downturns
- > behaviour of nominal bonds and inflation-linked bonds under deflation scenarios



# Correlations with other asset classes

- Preserve capital under severe equity downturns



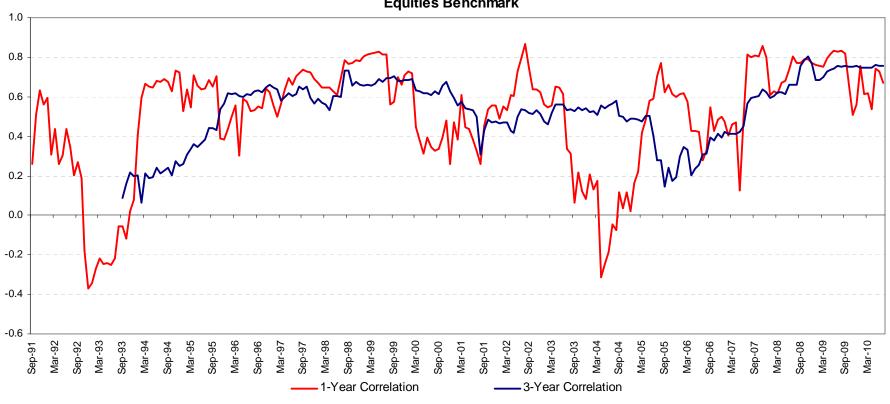




# Correlations with other asset classes

- Behaviour of non-investment grade assets during severe equity market downturns

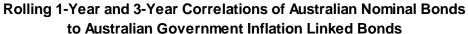
Rolling 1-Year and 3-Year Correlations of US Corporate High Yield Debt (A\$ Hedged) to Diversified Equities Benchmark

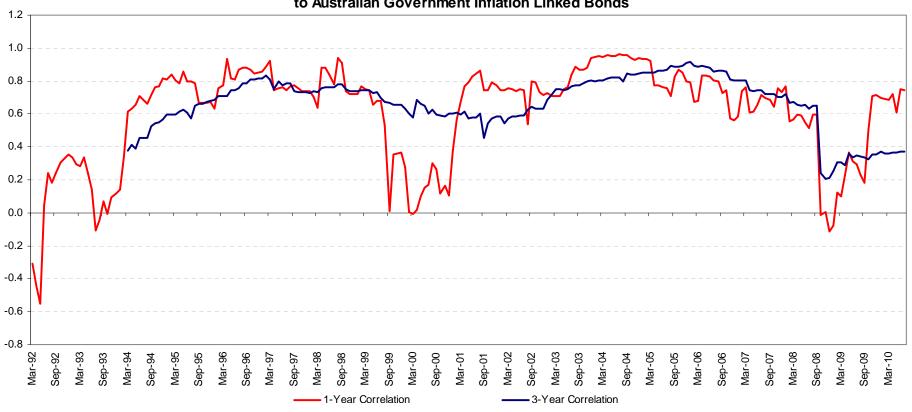




# Correlations with other asset classes

- Behaviour of nominal bonds and inflation-linked bonds under a deflation scenario







### Portfolio construction

#### Debt sector risk and return

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#### Correlations with other asset classes

- > preserve capital under severe equity downturns, deflation and inflation
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- > behaviour of nominal bonds and inflation-linked bonds under deflation scenarios

### • Implementation considerations

> specialist vs broad discretion managers/products



### Global GDP and Inflation

consensus forecasts show weak growth and low inflation in G5 countries; downward revisions in prospect

Global Consensus Forecasts							
GDP Growth	2009	2010F	2011F				
G5#	-3.5	2.4	2.3				
Emerging Markets	1.6	6.8	5.9				
Global	-2.4	3.4	3.1				
CPI Inflation	2009	2010F	2011F				
G5#	-0.1	1.4	1.4				
Emerging Markets	3.6	4.7	4.4				
Global	0.7	2.1	2.1				
# US, Euro-area, Japan, UK, Canada							
Source: Thompson Financial, Datastream, MLC, IMF							



### Global GDP and Inflation

consensus forecasts show weak growth and low inflation in G5 countries; downward revisions in prospect

#### Fiscal deterioration

- poor Debt/GDP ratios in most developed economies
- significant re-rating of sovereign credit risk in peripheral Europe

Year	General Government Gross Financial Liabilities as % GDP SADJ							
	United States	Japan	Germany	Australia				
2000	54.5	135.4	60.4	24.7				
2001	54.4	143.7	59.7	21.8				
2002	56.8	152.3	62.1	19.8				
2003	60.1	158.0	65.3	18.3				
2004	61.1	165.5	68.7	16.6				
2005	61.4	175.3	71.1	16.1				
2006	60.9	172.1	69.2	15.3				
2007	61.9	167.0	65.3	14.3				
2008	70.4	173.8	68.8	13.6				
2009	83.0	192.9	76.2	19.2				
2010	89.6	199.2	80.9	23.4				
2011	94.8	204.6	84.2	25.9				
Source: Datastream								

### - Fiscal deterioration

#### Sovereign credit default swaps

Greek crisis precipitated significantly wider CDS spreads in Spain & Portugal during Q2 2010; wider CDS spread levels reflected deterioration in government finances and drove yields higher

5 Year CDS (bps pa)	Jun-09	Sep-09	Dec-09	Mar-10	High	Low	Jun-10	Change since Jun-09	Change since Mar-10
Australia	60	31	40	39	69	27	57	-3	18
US	35	21	38	41	63	20	38	3	-4
Japan	47	45	68	67	100	37	90	44	23
Germany	31	21	26	32	60	19	44	13	12
France	32	23	32	46	100	42	93	61	47
UK	71	44	83	77	101	71	78	6	1
Spain	81	67	113	119	275	116	266	185	148
Portugal	68	52	92	145	461	45	331	264	186
Greece	131	122	283	343	1126	313	1126	995	783



### Global GDP and Inflation

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#### Fiscal deterioration

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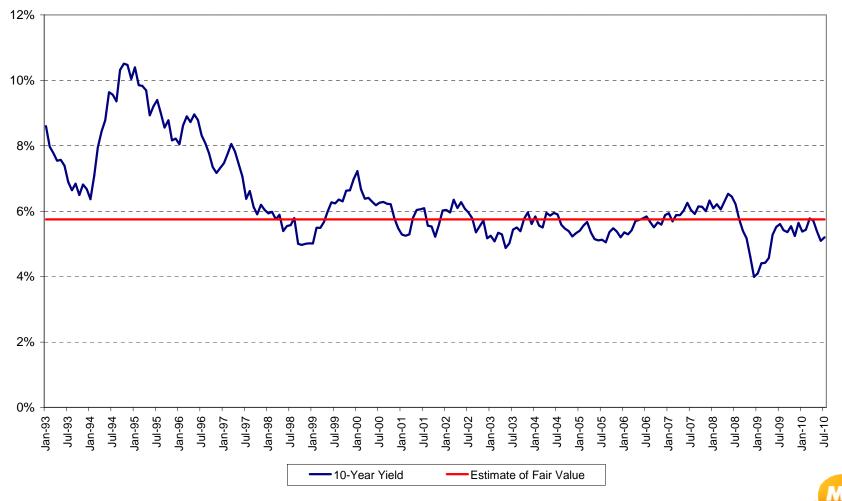
### Valuations

- G3 sovereigns at extreme levels of overvaluation; Australia at the lower end of the historic range
- Investment grade credit attractively valued; non investment grade credit fairly priced but very vulnerable to equity market weakness



### - Valuations

#### Australian 10-Year Government Bond Yield versus Estimate of Fair Value

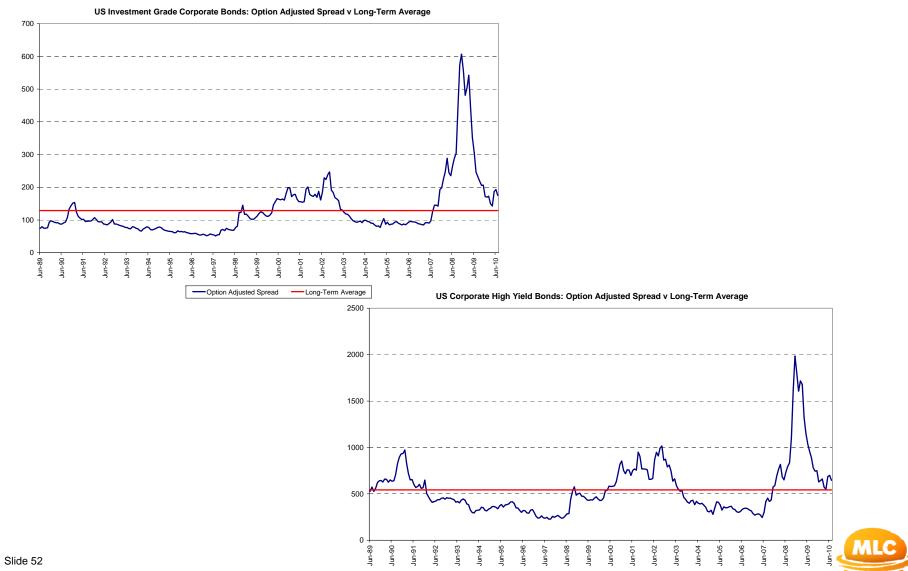


### - Valuations





### - Valuations



Option Adjusted Spread

---Long-Term Average

### Global GDP and Inflation

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#### Fiscal deterioration

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#### Valuations

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### Portfolio positioning

- reduce/eliminate G3 sovereign risk and equivalents in favour of Australian cash and/or bonds and selected emerging markets (e.g. Korea, Brazil)
- overweight investment grade credit/neutral non investment grade credit

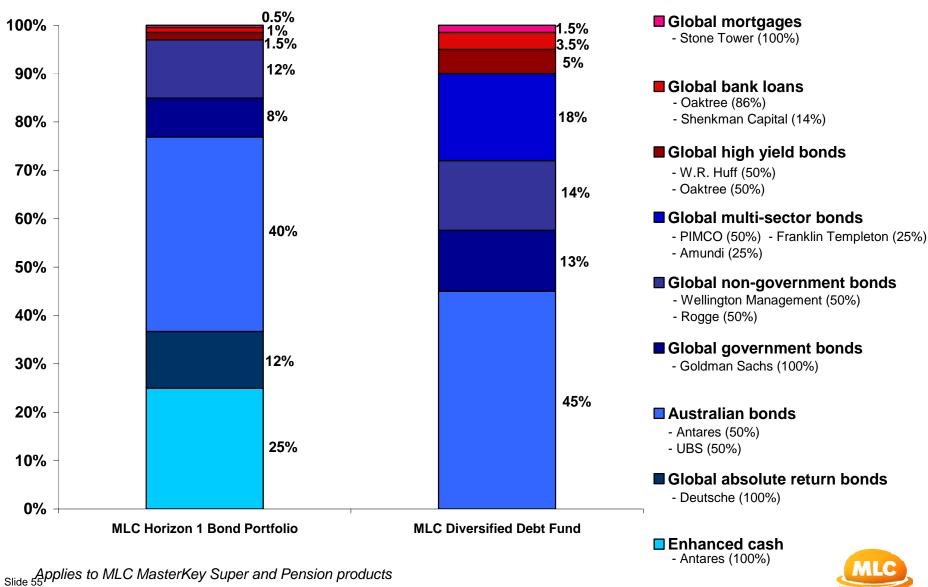


# MLC's debt funds Strategy Comparisons

	Horizon	1 Super	Div Debt Fund		
Strategy	Weight (%)	Duration (yrs)	Weight (%)	Duration (yrs)	
Domestic Enhanced Cash	25.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Domestic Composite	40.20	1.03	45.00	3.14	
Global Absolute Return	11.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Global Government	8.04	0.96	12.60	-0.94	
Global Non Government	12.06	2.08	14.40	4.61	
Global Multi Sector	0.00	0.00	18.00	5.17	
Global Extended Credit	3.00	2.53	10.00	2.53	
Total Nominal	100.00	0.74	100.00	3.14	
Domestic Inflation linked	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Total Nominal + Inflation Linked	100.00	0.74	100.00	3.14	
Note: duration columns are not additive					



# MLC's debt funds Target allocations to debt sectors



As at 31 July 2010







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